SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS

TO :

DATE : July 28th, 2004

SAMSUNG TFT-LCD

MODEL NO.:LTN150XG-L05

Any Modification of Spec is not allowed without SEC' permission

APPROVED BY : K. H. Shin

PREPARED BY : **Technical Customer Service Team, LCD Business**

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

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REVISION HISTORY

Date	Rev.No.	Page	Summary
Jul.28, 2004	A00	All	LTN150XG-L05 model rev.A00 specification was First issued.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION

LTN150XG-L05 is a color active matrix TFT (Thin Film Transistor) liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching devices. This model is composed of a TFT LCD panel, a driver circuit and a backlight system. The resolution of a 15.0" contains 1,024 x 768 pixels and can display up to 262,144 colors. 6 O'clock direction is the Optimum viewing angle.

FEATURES

- High Luminance
- Thin and light weight (SPWG-B)
- High contrast ratio
- XGA ((1024x768) pixels) resolution
- Low power consumption
- DE (Data enable) only mode.
- 3.3V LVDS (FPD Link) Interface with 1 pixel / clock

APPLICATIONS

- Notebook PC
- If the usage of this product is not for PC application, but for others, please contact SEC

GENERAL INFORMATION

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	UNIT	NOTE
Display area	304.128(H)X228.096(V) (15.0”diagonal)	mm	
Driver element	a-si TFT active matrix		
Display colors	262,144		
Number of pixel	1024 X3(RGB)X768	pixel	
Pixel arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Pixel pitch	0.297(H) x 0.297(V)	mm	
Display Mode	Normally white(TN)		
Surface treatment	HAZE 40, HARD-COATING 2H, ARC150T(Nitto) or GH5(Sumitomo)		

Mechanical Information

ITEM		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Module size	Horizontal (H)	316.8	317.3	317.8	mm
	Vertical (V)	241.4	242.0	242.6	mm
	Thickness (T)	-	5.7	6.0 Note(1)	mm
Mass		-	520	535	g

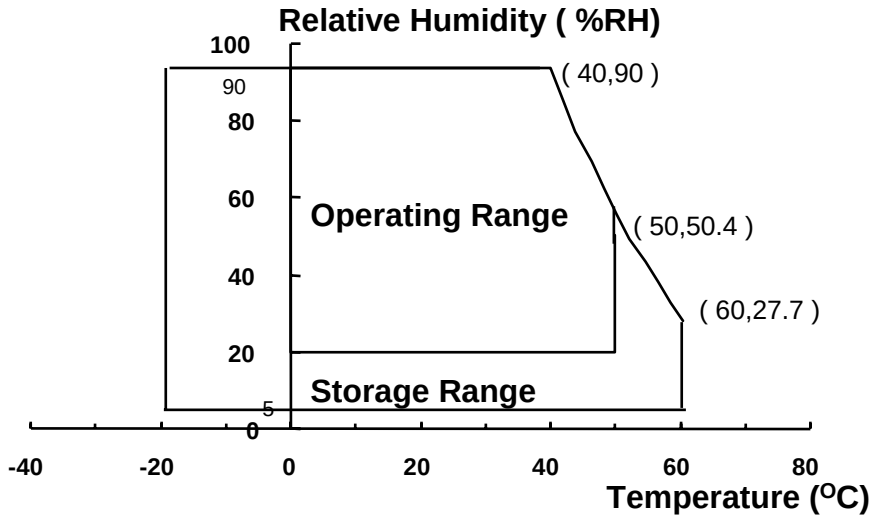
Note (1) Measurement condition of outline dimension
. Equipment : Vernier Calipers
. Push Force : 500g ·f (minimum)

1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

1.1 ENVIRONMENTAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
Storage temperate	T_{STG}	-20	60	^{O}C	(1)
Operating temperate (Temperature of glass surface)	T_{OPR}	0	50	^{O}C	(1)
Shock (non-operating)	Snop	-	210	G	(2), (4)
Vibration (non-operating)	Vnop	-	2.41	G	(3), (4)

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below.
95 % RH Max. (40 $^{O}C \geq Ta$)
Maximum wet - bulb temperature at 39 ^{O}C or less. (Ta > 40 ^{O}C) No condensation.
(2) 3ms, half sine wave, one time for ±X,±Y,±Z.
(3) 5~500 Hz, Random vibration, 30 min for X,Y,Z.
(4) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the Module to be tested have to be hard and rigid enough so that the Module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.



1.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

(1) TFT LCD MODULE

(Vss = GND = 0 V)

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	Vss-0.3	Vcc + 0.3	V	(1)

NOTE (1) Within Ta (25 ± 2 ^{O}C)

(2) BACK-LIGHT UNIT

Ta = 25 ± 2 ^{O}C

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT.	NOTE
Lamp current	I_L	2.0	7.0	mA_{rms}	(1)
Lamp frequency	F_L	50	80	KHz	(1)

NOTE (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

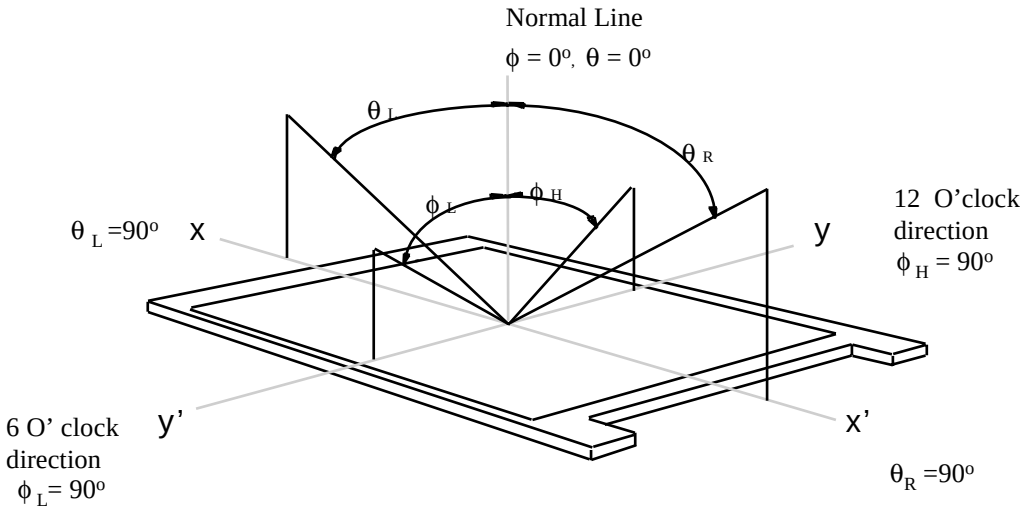
2. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The following items are measured under stable conditions. The optical characteristics should be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the methods shown in Note (5).
Measuring equipment : TOPCON BM-5A

* Ta = 25±2ºC , Vcc=3.3V, fv= 60Hz, f_{DCLK}=65MHz, I_L= 6.0mA

ITEM		SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
Contrast Ratio (5 Points)		CR	ϕ = 0, θ = 0 Normal Viewing Angle	-	200	-		
Response Time at 25℃	Rising	T_R		-	10	15	msec	(1), (3)
	Falling	T_F		-	30	35		
Luminance of White (Center)		Y_L		170	200	-	cd/m^2	(1), (4)
Color Chromaticity (CIE)	Red	R_X		0.536	0.564	0.592		(1), (5)
		R_Y		0.312	0.332	0.352		
	Green	G_X		0.290	0.318	0.346		
		G_Y		0.515	0.535	0.555		
	Blue	B_X		0.126	0.154	0.182		
		B_Y		0.114	0.134	0.154		
	White	W_X		0.285	0.313	0.341		
		W_Y		0.309	0.329	0.349		
Viewing Angle	Hor.	θ_L	CR ≥10 (at center point)	40	45	-	Degrees	
		θ_R		40	45	-		
	Ver.	ϕ_H		10	15	-		
		ϕ_L		30	35	-		
13 Points White Variation		%		45	-	-		(6-1)
5 Points White Variation		%		80	-	-		(6-2)
5 Points White Variation (ISO9142)		%		60	-	-		(7)

Note 1) Definition of Viewing Angle :

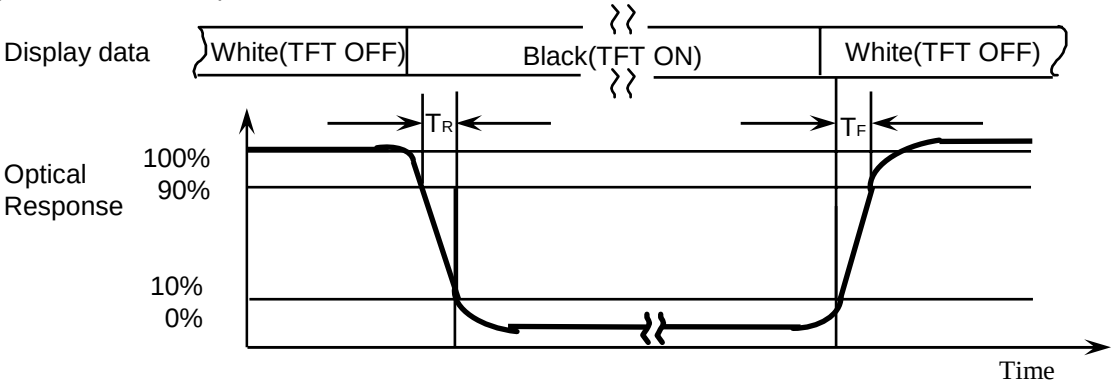


Note 2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR) :

$$CR = \frac{CR1 + CR2 + CR3 + CR4 + CR5}{5}$$

POINTS : ④ , ⑤ , ⑦ , ⑨ , ⑩ at FIGURE OF NOTE 6)

Note 3) Definition of Response time :

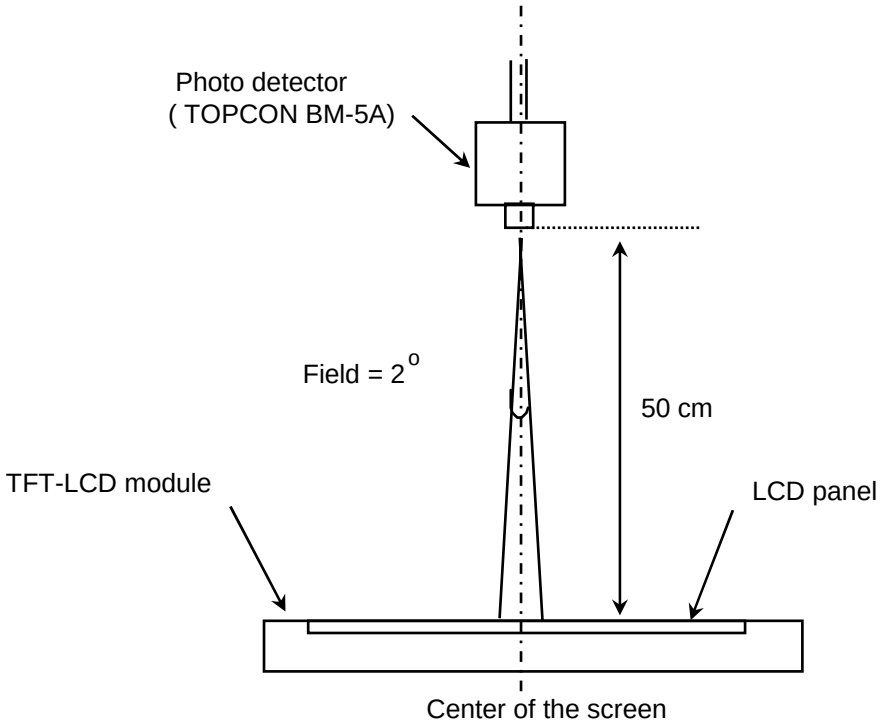


Note 4) Definition of Average Luminance of White : measure the luminance of white at center point.

Average Luminance of White ($Y_{L,AVE}$)

$Y_{L,} = Y_{L7}$ POINTS :, ⑦ at FIGURE OF NOTE 6)

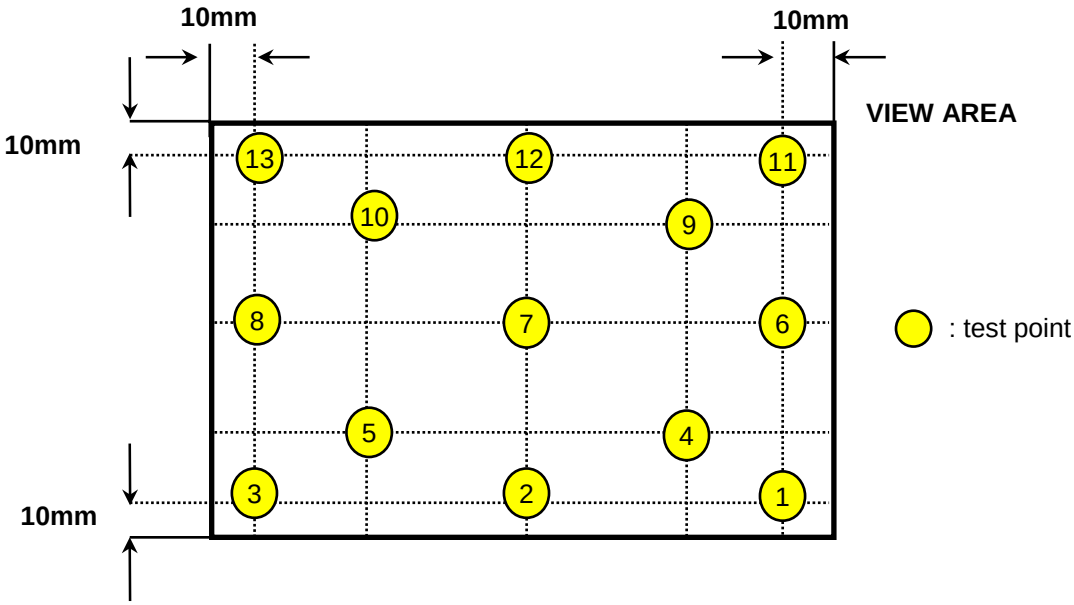
Note 5) After stabilizing and leaving the panel alone at a given temperature for 30 minutes, the measurement should be executed. Measurement should be executed in a stable, windless,and dark room.
30 minutes after lighting the back-light. This should be measured in the center of screen.
Lamp current : 6.0 mA(Inverter SIT130T, Typ 60KHz)
Environment condition : Ta = 25 ± 2 °C



Optical characteristics measurement setup

Note 6-1) Definition of 13 points white variation, CR variation(CVER)[① ~ ⑬]

$$\text{13 points white variation (\%)} = \frac{\text{Minimum luminance of 13 points}}{\text{Maximum luminance of 13 points}} \times 100$$

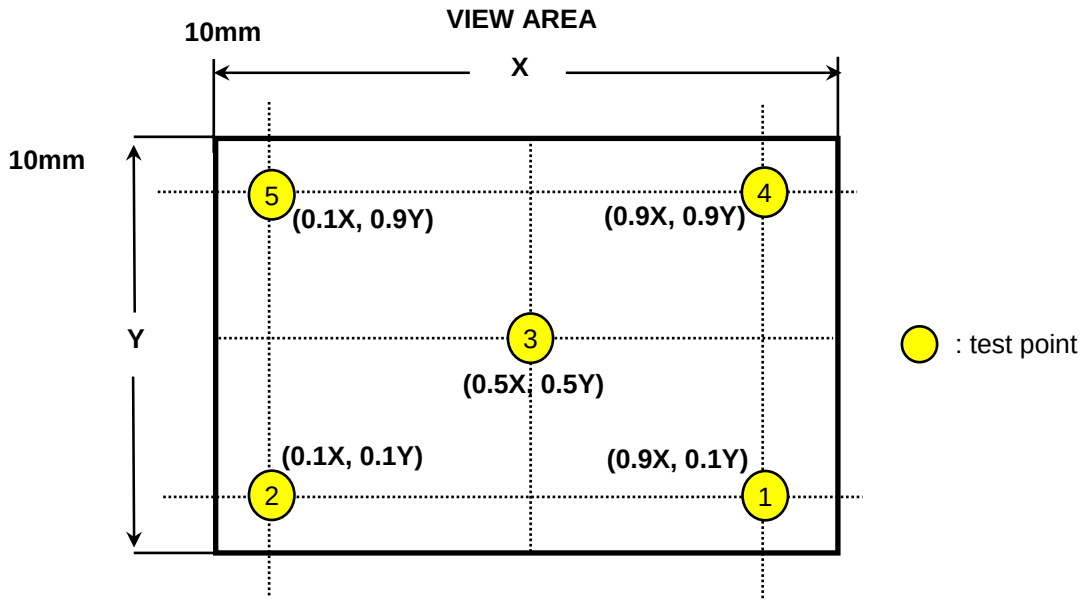


Note 6-2) Definition of 5points white variation [④ ⑤ ⑦ ⑨ ⑩]

$$\text{5 points white variation (\%)} = \frac{\text{Minimum luminance of 4,5,7,9,10 points}}{\text{Maximum luminance of 4,5,7,9,10 points}} \times 100$$

Note 7) Definition of 5 points white variation based on ISO9142 specification *[1 ,2,3,4,5]*

$$\text{5 points white variation}\ (\%) = \frac{\text{Minimum luminance of 5 points}}{\text{Maximum luminance of 5 points}} \times 100$$



3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta=25 ± 2 ºC

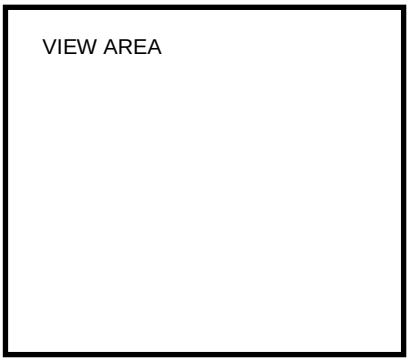
ITEM			SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Voltage of Power Supply			V_{DD}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Differential Input Voltage for LVDS Receiver Threshold		High	V_{IH}	-	-	+100	mV	V_{CM}=+1.2V
		Low	V_{IL}	-100	-	-	mV	
Vsync Frequency	60Hz	Hsync Freq	F_H	47.0	48.36	49.5	KHz	
		Main Freq	F_{DCLK}	63.4	65	66.6	MHz	
	50Hz	Hsync Freq	F_H	39.2	40.3	41.2	KHz	
		Main Freq	F_{DCLK}	52.7	54.1	55.45	MHz	
	40Hz	Hsync Freq	F_H	31.4	32.24	33.0	KHz	
		Main Freq	F_{DCLK}	42.25	43.33	44.4	MHz	
Rush Current			I_{RUSH}	-	-	1.5	A	(4)
Current of Power Supply		White	I_{DD}	-	330	-	mA	(2),(3)*a
		Mosaic		-	360	-	mA	(2),(3)*b
		Win98 Pattern		-	360	-	mA	(2),(3)*c
		Max Pattern		-	480	510	mA	(2),(3)*d

Note (1) Display data pins and timing signal pins should be connected.(GND=0V)

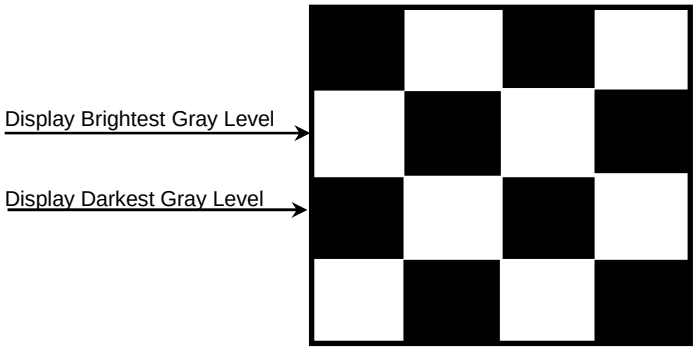
(2) f_V=60Hz, f_{DCLK} =65MHZ, Vdd = 3.3V , DC Current.

(3) Power dissipation pattern

*a) White Pattern

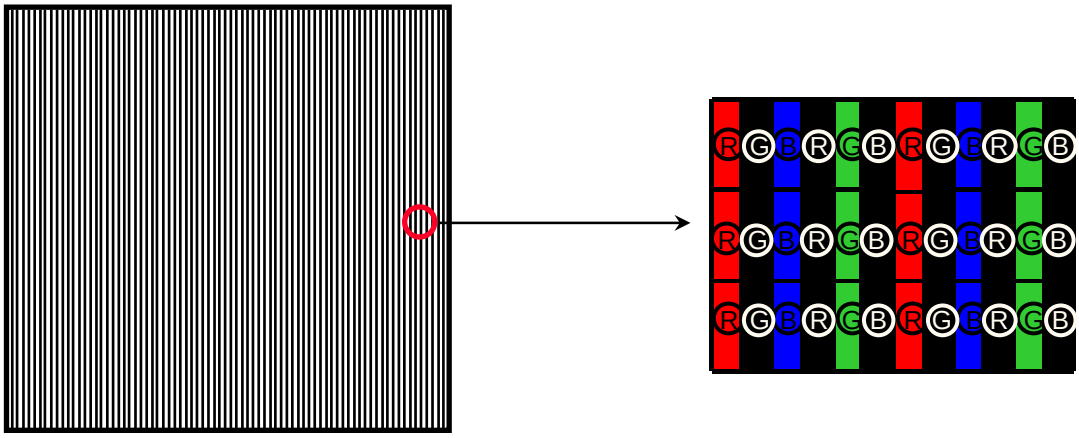


*b) Mosaic Pattern

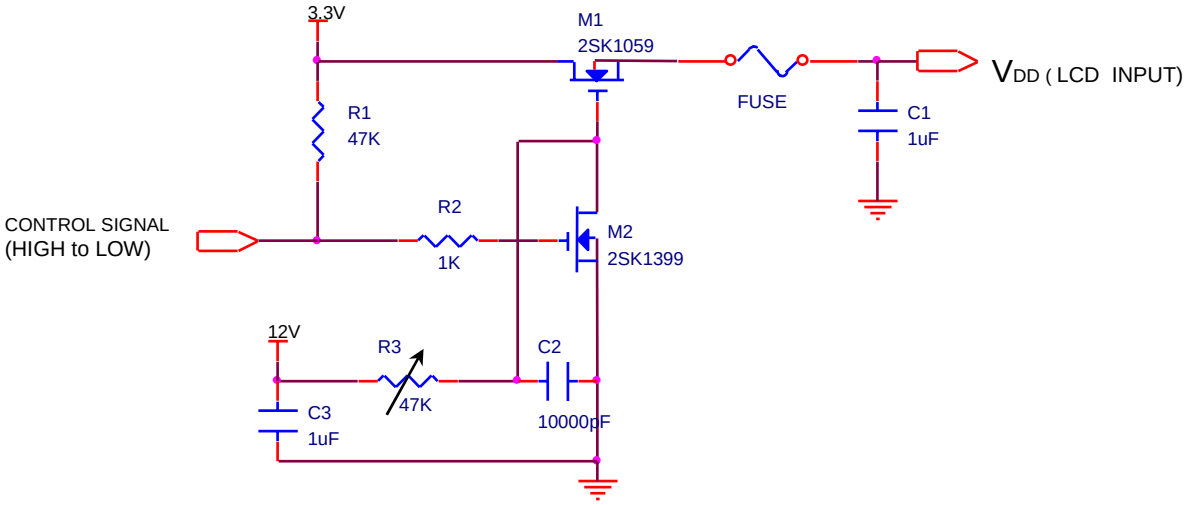


*c) Win98 Pattern (Cyan 63gray)

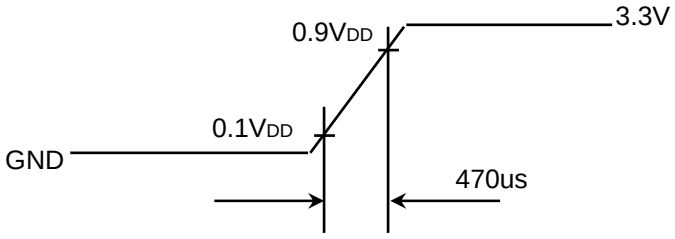
*d) 1dot Vertical stripe pattern



4) Rush current measurement condition



VDD rising time is 470us



3.2 BACK-LIGHT UNIT

The backlight system is an edge - lighting type with a single CCFL (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp).
The characteristics of a single lamp are shown in the following tables.

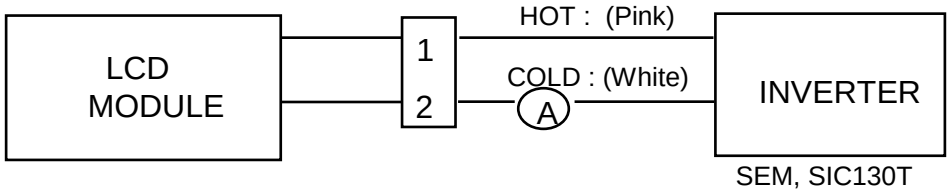
CCFL P/N : Harison Toshiba Lighting, MBTK18J( )X311MWLEH/C

Ta=25 ± 2 °C

ITEM	SYMB	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	NOTE
Lamp Current	I_L	3.0	6.0	6.5	mArms	(1)
Lamp Voltage	V_L		650		Vrms	I_L=6.0mA
Frequency	f_L	50	60	65	kHz	(2)
Power Consumption	P_L	-	3.9	4.2	W	(3)
Operating Life Time	Hr	10,000	-	-	Hour	(4)
Startup Voltage	V_S	-	-	1300 (25°C) 1400 (0 °C)	Vrms	(5)

Note) The waveform of the inverter output voltage must be area symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. (Unbalance ratio=Max 10%)
The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter.
When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter(miss lighting, flicker, etc.) never occur. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

Note (1) Lamp current is measured with a high frequency current meter as shown below.



Switching Frequency : TYP. 60KHz

(2) Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency and this may cause line flow on the display. Therefore lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible in order to avoid interference.

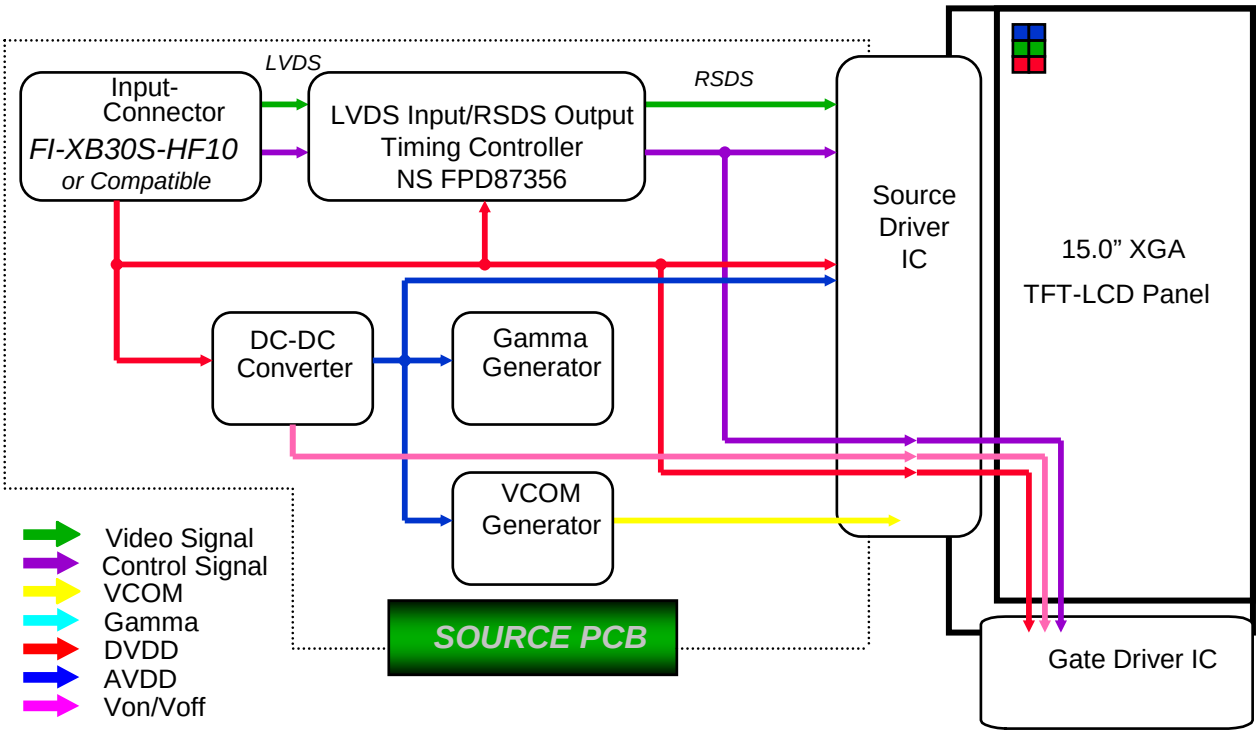
(3) refer to I_L x V_L to calculate.

(4) Life time (Hr) of a lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta = 25 ±2 °C and I_L = 6.0 mArms until one of the following event occurs.
1. When the brightness becomes 50% or lower than the original.
2. When the Effective ignition length becomes 80% or lower than the original value.
(Effective ignition length is defined as an area that has less than 70% brightness compared to the brightness in the center point.)

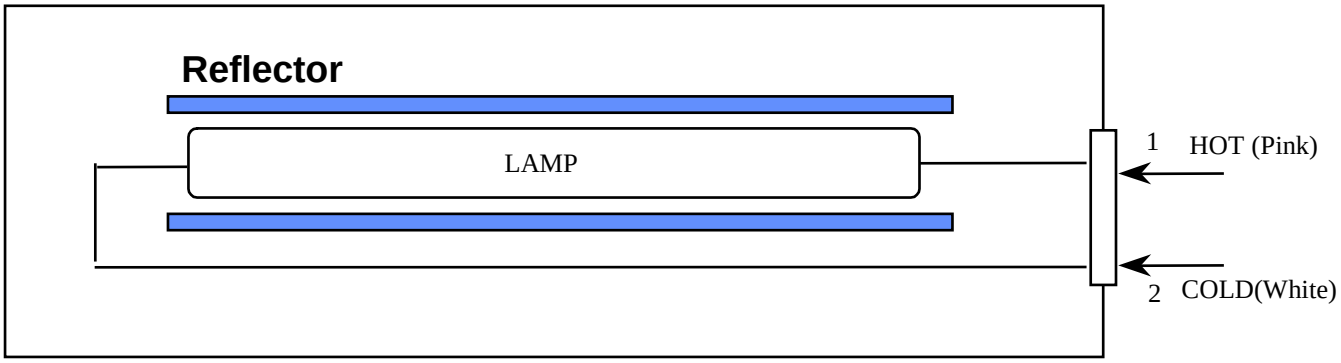
(5) The voltage above this value should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second to startup Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
SEC can guarantee 1400Vrms under only system level not LCD module level.
(Recommendation start up voltage at LCD module status is 1600Vrms)

4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD Module



4.2 BACK-LIGHT UNIT



Note) The output of the inverter may change according to the material of the reflector.

5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

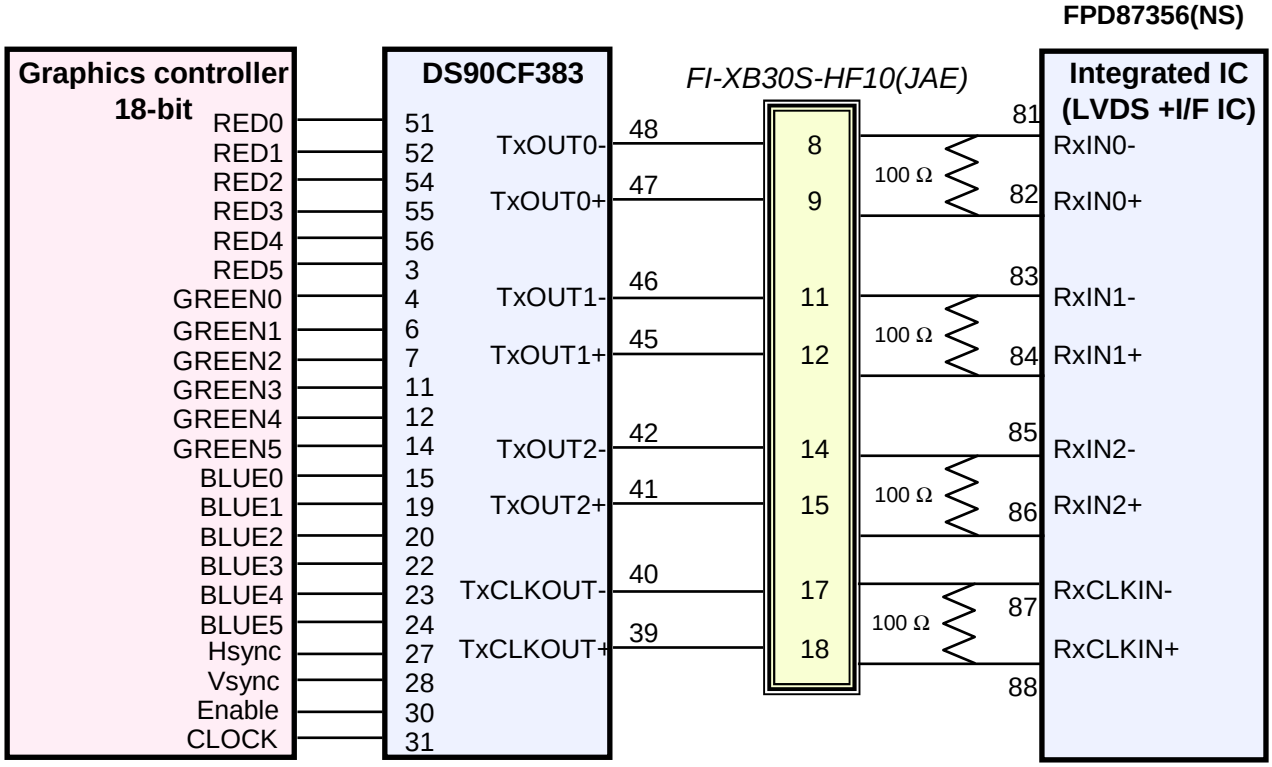
5.1. Input Signal & Power LVDS, Connector : JAE, FI-XB30SRL-HF10 or Compatible
Mating Connector : JAE, FI-X30M or Compatible

PIN NO	SYMBOL	FUNCTION	POLARITY	REMARK
1	Vss	Ground		
2	VDD	POWER SUPPLY +3.3V		
3	VDD	POWER SUPPLY +3.3V		
4	VEEDID	DDC 3.3V Power		N/A
5	BIST	Panel BIST control		
6	CLKEDID	DDC Clock		N/A
7	DATAEDID	DDC data		N/A
8	O_RxIN0-	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (Odd R0-R5,G0)	Negative	
9	O_RxIN0+	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (Odd R0-R5,G0)	Positive	
10	GND	Ground		
11	O_RxIN1-	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (Odd G1-G5,B0-B1)	Negative	
12	O_RxIN1+	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (Odd G1-G5,B0-B1)	Positive	
13	GND	Ground		
14	O_RxIN2-	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (Odd B2-B5,Sync,DE)	Negative	
15	O_RxIN2+	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (Odd B2-B5,Sync,DE)	Positive	
16	GND	Ground		
17	O_RxCLK-	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (Odd Clock)	Negative	
18	O_RxCLK+	LVDS Differential Data INPUT (Odd Clock)	Positive	
19	GND	Ground		
20	NC	NC		
21	NC	NC		
22	NC	NC		
23	NC	NC		
24	NC	NC		
25	NC	NC		
26	NC	NC		
27	NC	NC		
28	NC	NC		
29	NC	NC		
30	NC	NC		

5.2 LVDS Transmitter : DS90CF383 (National Semiconductor) or Compatible

Pin No.	Name	RGB Signal	Pin No.	Name	RGB Signal
51	TxIN0	R0	14	TxIN14	G5
52	TxIN1	R1	15	TxIN15	B0
54	TxIN2	R2	19	TxIN18	B1
55	TxIN3	R3	20	TxIN19	B2
56	TxIN4	R4	22	TxIN20	B3
3	TxIN6	R5	23	TxIN21	B4
4	TxIN7	G0	24	TxIN22	B5
6	TxIN8	G1	27	TxIN24	Hsync
7	TxIN9	G2	28	TxIN25	Vsync
11	TxIN12	G3	30	TxIN26	DE
12	TxIN13	G4	31	TxCLKIN	Clock

FLAT LINK INTERFACE



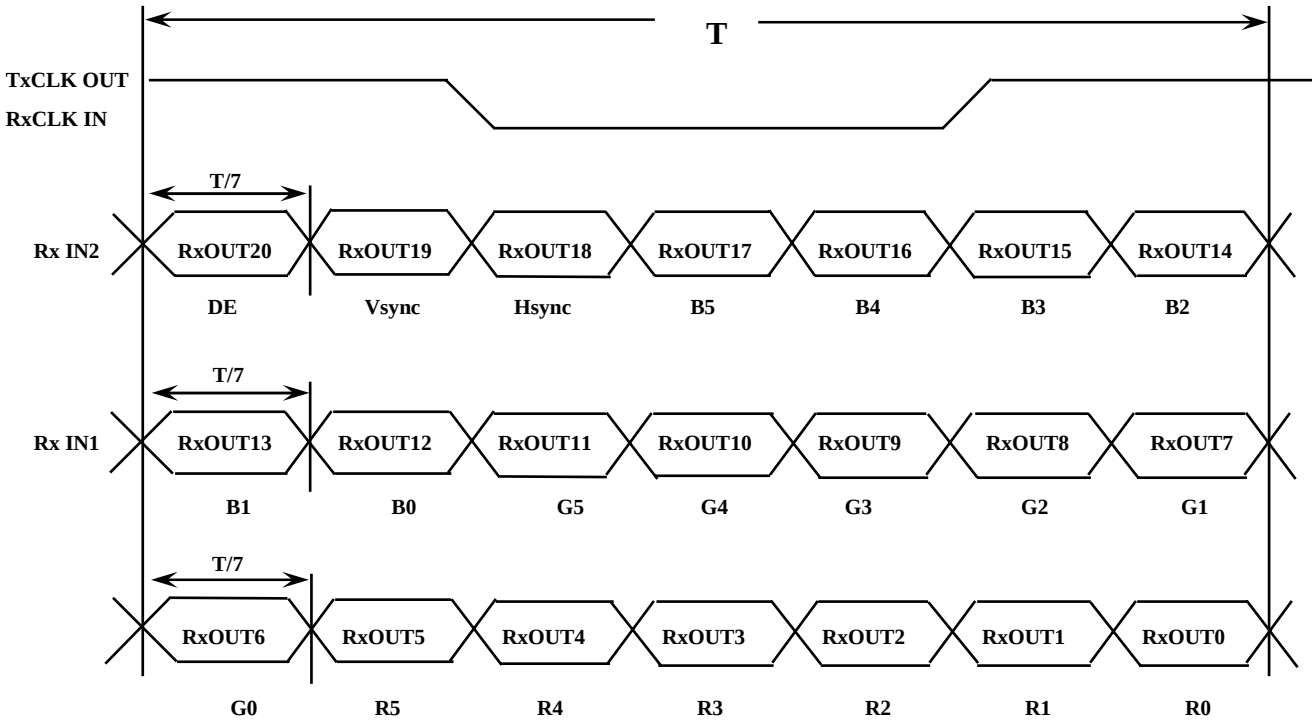
Note : The LCD Module uses a 100ohm resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

5.3 BACK LIGHT UNIT

Connector : JST BHSR - 02VS –1 or Compatible

Pin NO.	Symbol	Color	Function
1	HOT	Pink	High Voltage
2	COLD	White	Ground

5.4 Timing Diagrams of LVDS For Transmission

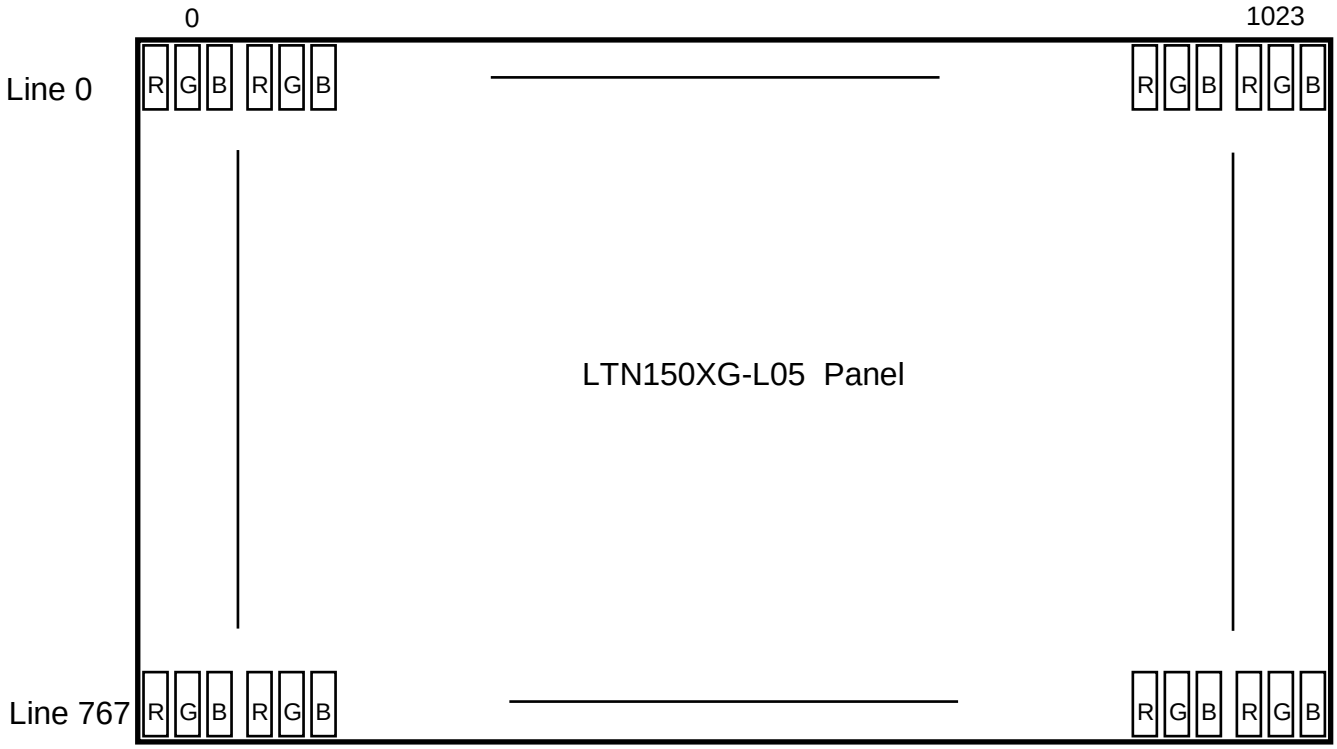


5.5 Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

COLOR	DISPLAY	DATA SIGNAL																		GRAY SCALE LEVEL
		RED						GREEN						BLUE						
		R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	
COLOR	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	BLUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
GRAY SCALE OF **RED**	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R0
	DARK ↑	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R1
		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R2
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	R3~R60
	↓ LIGHT	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
		1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R61
		0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R62
	RED	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	R63
GRAY SCALE OF **GREEN**	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G0
	DARK ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	G2
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	G3~G60
	↓ LIGHT	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	G61
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	G62
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	G63
GRAY SCALE OF **BLUE**	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	B0
	DARK ↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	B1
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	B2
		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	B3~B60
	↓ LIGHT	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	B61
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	B62
	GREEN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	B63

Note 1) Definition of gray :
Rn: Red gray, Gn: Green gray, Bn: Blue gray (n=gray level)
Note 2)Input signal: 0 =Low level voltage, 1=High level voltage

5.6 Pixel Format in the display

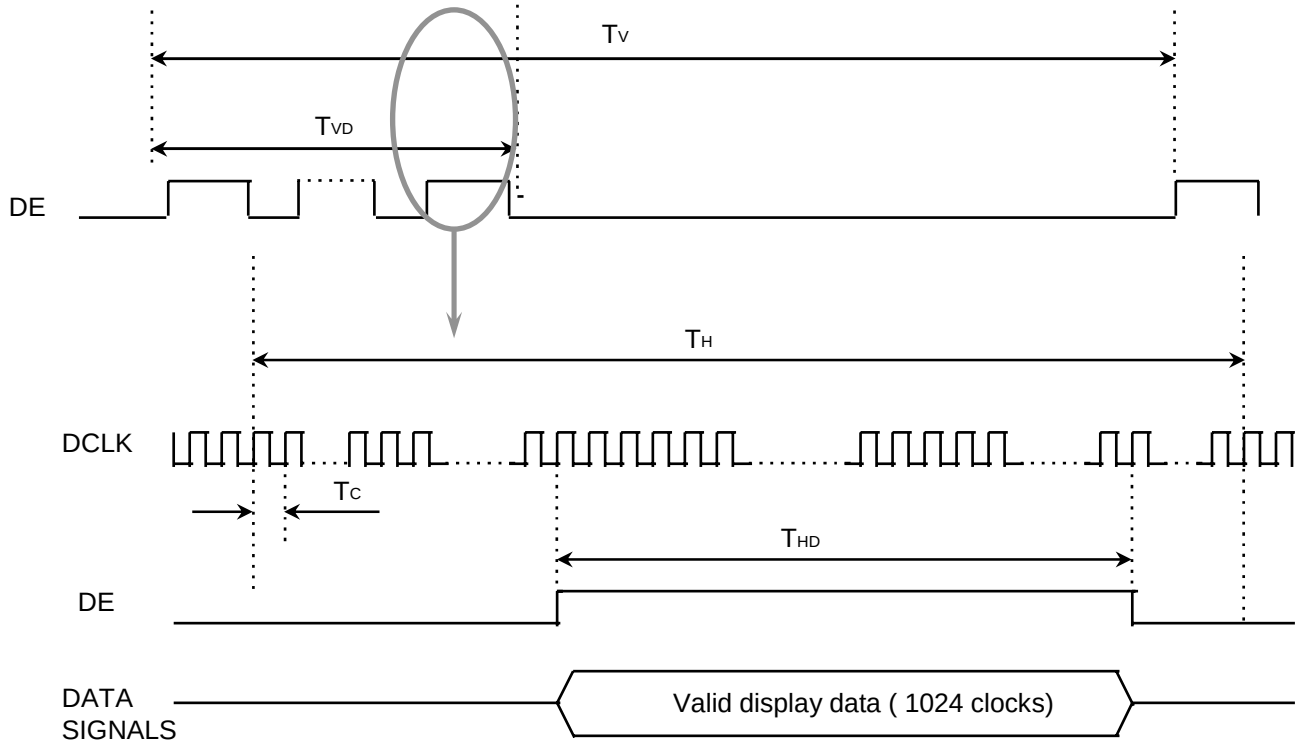


6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 Timing Parameters

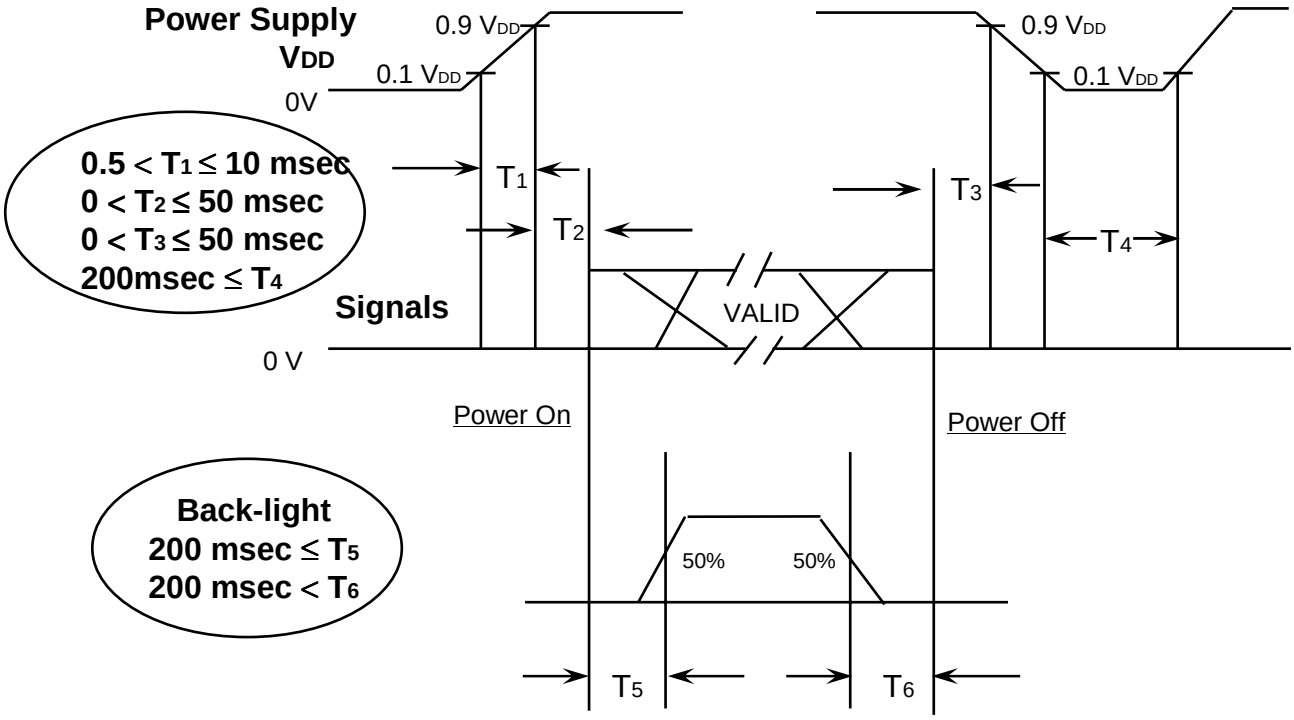
Signal	Item	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Note
Frame Frequency	Cycle	T_V	-	806	-	lines	
Vertical Active Display Term	Display Period	T_{VD}	-	768	-	lines	
One Line Scanning Time	Cycle	T_H	-	1344	-	clocks	
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display Period	T_{HD}	-	1024	-	clocks	
Vertical Blank Term	Cycle	Vblank	-	38	-	lines	
Horizontal Blank Term	Cycle	Hblank	-	320	-	clocks	

6.2 Timing diagrams of interface signal



6.3 Power ON/OFF Sequence

: To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of the LCD module, the power on/off sequence shall be as shown below.



Power ON/OFF Sequence

T1 : Vdd rising time from 10% to 90%
T2 : The time from Vdd to valid data at power ON.
T3 : The time from valid data off to Vdd off at power Off.
T4 : Vdd off time for Windows restart
T5 : The time from valid data to B/L enable at power ON.
T6 : The time from valid data off to B/L disable at power Off.

NOTE.

(1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of V_{DD}.

(2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become white.

(3) In case of V_{DD} = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.

(4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

(5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

7. Mechanical Outline Dimension

8. GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

1. Handling

(a) When the module is assembled, It should be attached to the system firmly using every mounting holes. Be careful not to twist and bend the modules.

(b) Refrain from strong mechanical shock and / or any force to the module. In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the module and CCFT backlight.

(c) Note that polarizers are very fragile and could be easily damaged. Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead.

(d) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. If you leave the droplets for a long time, Staining and discoloration may occur.

(e) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using some absorbent cotton or soft cloth.

(f) The desirable cleaners are water, IPA(Isoprophyl Alcohol) or Hexane.
Do not use Ketone type materials(ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.

(g) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth . In case of contact with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.

(h) Protect the module from static , it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.

(i) Use fingerstalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.

(j) Do not disassemble the module.

(k) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.

(l) Do not adjust the variable resistor which is located on the back side.

(m) Protection film for polarizer on the module shall be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.

(n) Pins of I/F connector shall not be touched directly with bare hands.

2. STORAGE

(a) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35°C and relative humidity of less than 70%.

(b) Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight.

(c) The module shall be stored in a dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light during the store.

3. OPERATION

(a) Do not connect,disconnect the module in the " Power On" condition.

(b) Power supply should always be turned on/off by following item 6.3 " Power on/off sequence ".

(c) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interference.

(d) The cable between the backlight connector and its inverter power supply shall be a minimized length and be connected directly . The longer cable between the backlight and the inverter may cause lower luminance of lamp(CCFT) and may require higher startup voltage(Vs).

(e) The standard limited warranty is only applicable when the module is used for general notebook applications. If used for purposes other than as specified, SEC is not to be held reliable for the defective operations. It is strongly recommended to contact SEC to find out fitness for a particular purpose.

4. OTHERS

(a) Ultra-violet ray filter is necessary for outdoor operation.

(b) Avoid condensation of water. It may result in improper operation or disconnection of electrode.

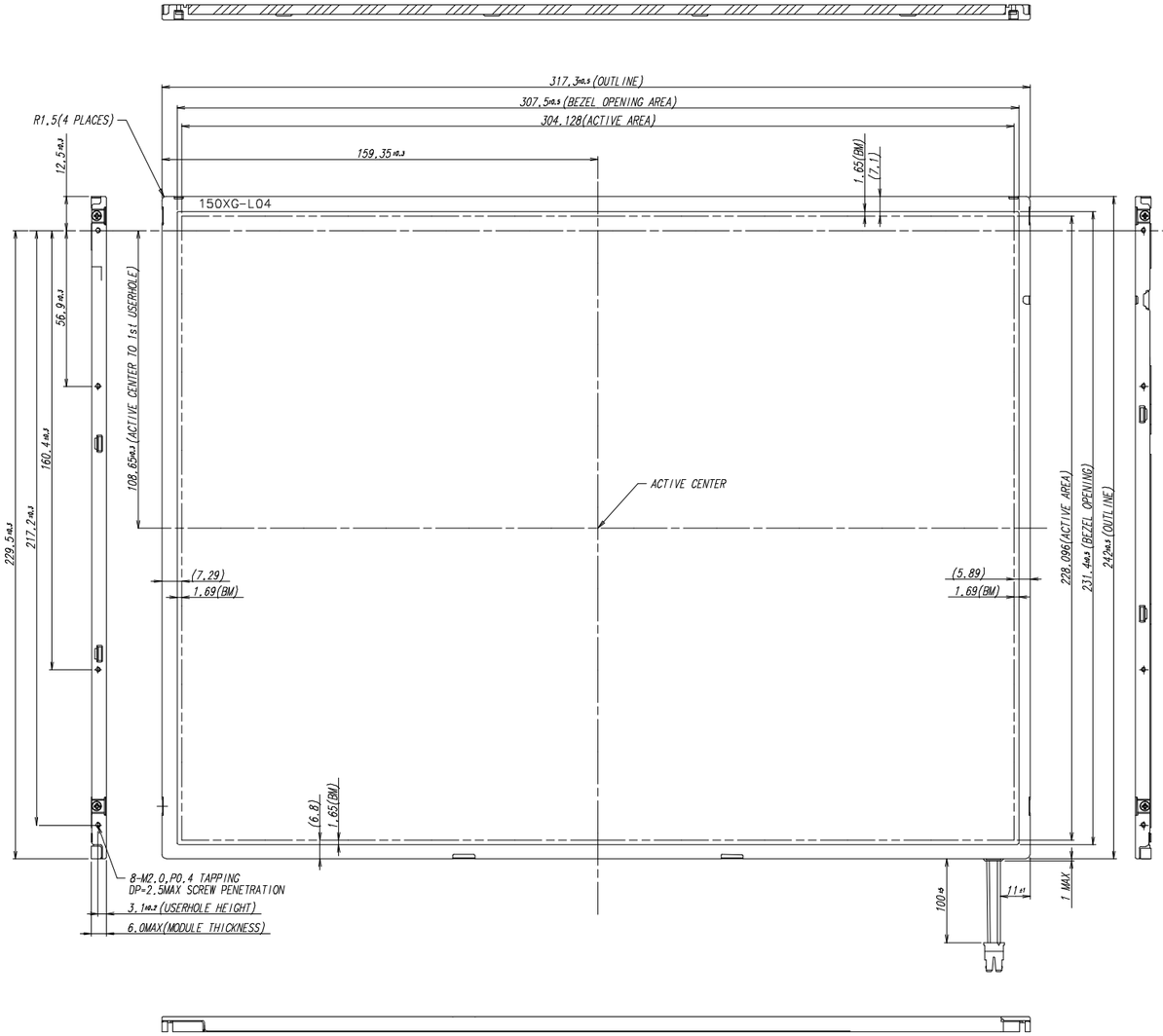
(c) Do not exceed the absolute maximum rating value. (the supply voltage variation, input voltage variation, variation in part contents and environmental temperature, so on) Otherwise the module may be damaged.

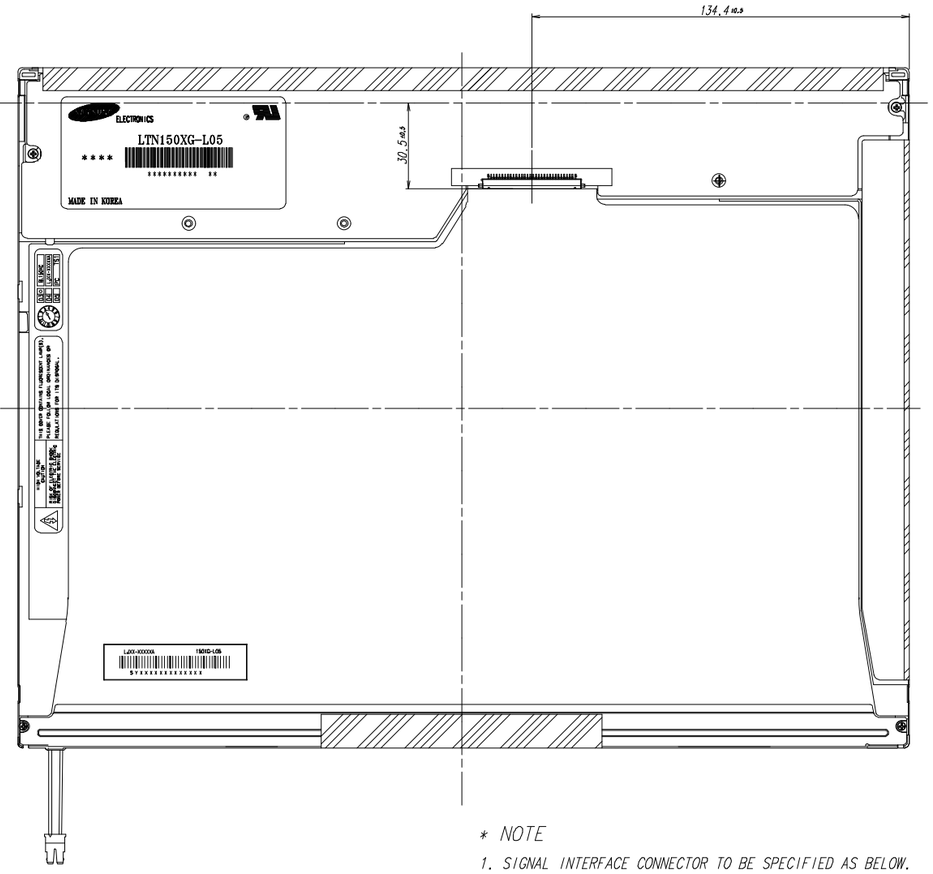
(d) If the module displays the same pattern continuously for a long period of time,it can be the situation when the image "sticks" to the screen.

(e) This module has its circuitry PCB's on the rear side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.

FILE NO.

PRELIMINARY





* NOTE

1. SIGNAL INTERFACE CONNECTOR TO BE SPECIFIED AS BELOW.
   - MAKER : JAE OR COMPATIBLE
   - INPUT CONNECTOR : JAE FI-XB30SL-HF10
2. CCFT CONNECTOR FOR BACKLIGHT TO BE SPECIFIED AS BELOW.
   - MAKER : JST
   - PART NO : BHSR-02VS-1
3. ALLOWED DEPTH OF USERHOLE SCREW INSERTION IS MAX 2.5mm
4. Module weight : 535g MAX.
5. Number of pixels : 1024 X 3(R,G,B) X 768.
6. This panel conforms to SPWG Style-B except for the thickness and CCFL cable length.

REVISION

GENERAL TOLERANCE			
STEP	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3
0 < X ≤ 4	±0.05	±0.1	±0.2
4 < X ≤ 16	±0.08	±0.15	±0.3
16 < X ≤ 64	±0.12	±0.25	±0.5
64 < X ≤ 256	±0.25	±0.4	±0.8

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION OF REVISION				REASON	CHG'D BY
UNIT	mm	DRA'N BY	DES'D BY	CHK'D BY	APP'D BY	MODEL NAME	LTN150XG-L05
SCALE	1/1	JUNU.YOU	JUNU.YOU	S.J.YI	D.C.YANG		
TOLERANCE LEVEL3		2004.07.28	2004.07.28	2004.07.28	2004.07.28	PART/SHEET NAME	OUTLINE DIMENSION SHEET 1/1
SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS					SPEC. NO	CODE NO.	VER. 000